(Abstract)

B.A. Political Science Programme -Modified Scheme, Syllabus and Model Question Papers -Redistribution of Complementary Courses under Choice Based Credit Semester System-Implemented with effect from 2014 Admission-Sanctioned-Orders issued.

ACADEMIC BRANCH

U.O No. Acad/C1/5253/2014

Dated, Civil Station (PO), 25-07-2015

Read: 1. U.O.No.Acad/C2/2232/2014 dated 14/03/2014

2 Letter dated 8-05-2014 from the Chairman, Board of Studies in Political Science (Cd)

3. U.O.No. Acad/C1/5253/2014 dtd17-05-2014

4. Minutes of the Combined meeting of the Chairmen, Board of Studies (UG) in Journalism & Mass Communication(Cd)/History/Political Science and Functional English held on 01-07-15

ORDER

1.The Regulation for Choice based Credit Semester System were implemented in the University with effect from 2014 admission vide paper read (1) above.

- 2.As per the paper read (2) above, the Chairman, Board of Studies in Political Science (Cd) has forwarded the Scheme, Syllabus and Model Question Papers for BA Political Science Programme and as per the paper read (3) above, the scheme, syllabus and Model question papers for BA Political Science Programme were implemented in the Universityunder CBCSS
- 3. As there were anomalies in the distribution of Complementary course a Combined meeting of the Board of Studies (UG) in Journalism & Mass Communication (Cd) /History/Political Science and Functional English were held on 01-07-2015 as per paper read (4) above. On the basis of the discussion held in the meeting the Chairman, Board of Studies in Political Science (Cd) considered the issue of re-distributing complementary courses of Political Science for BA Functional English in 3rd & 4th Semester w.e.f.2014 admn with the papers 3C05 POL Basic concepts in Political Science and 4C06 POL Human Rights in
- 4. The Vice Chancellor after considering the matter in detail and in exercise of the powers of Academic Council conferred under section 11 (1) of Kannur University Act 1996 and all other enabling provisions read together with has accorded sanction to redistribute Complementary Courses of Political Science for BA Functional English Programme in the 3rd & 4th semesters under Choice Based Credit Semester System with effect from 2014 admission subject to report
- 5. The modified pages of scheme, syllabus and Model question paper are appended accordingly.

6. Orders are, therefore, issued accordingly.

Sd/-JOINT REGISTRAR (Academic) For REGISTRAR

To.

The Principals of Colleges offering (UG) -Political Science/ Functional English Programme.

Copy to:

1. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE).

2. The Chairmen BOS in Political Science (Cd)/ Functional English (Cd)

3. PS to VC/PA to PVC/PA to R/PA to CE/

4. JR/AR 1 (Acad)

5. SF/DF/FC.

TATION OF CALLES OF STATE OF S

Forwarded /By Order

SECTION OFFICER

For more details; log on www.kannuruniversity.ac

(U.O.No.Acad/C1/5253/2014 dtd. 25-07-2015)

UNIVERSITY OF KANNUR

Under Graduate Programme in Political Science

Semester Wise Details of Courses Recommended By Board of Studies in Political Science (UG)

(For 2014 Admission Onwards)

UNIVERSITY OF KANNUR Structure of Courses for B.A. programme

Principal aims and objectives of the programme:-

- To identify key questions, fundamental concepts, and theoretical frameworks critical to an understanding of political theory.
- To solve complex problems by demonstrating a mastery of substantive knowledge in the disciplines and sub-fields.
- To follow scientific and humanistic methods to design and carry out politically oriented Research projects by utilizing advanced social research methods.
- To communicate effectively political knowledge to general audiences as well as colleagues in the field.

Working days/semester -90 days

The Under Graduate programme in Political Science includes

- (a) Common Courses-38 credits
- (b) Core Courses-64 credits
- (c) Complementary Courses-16 credits
- (d) Open Course-02 credits

Total Credit for the programme -120 credits

Attendance: The minimum requirement of attendance during semester shall be 75% of each course.

Examination: There shall be University examinations at the end of each semester. Duration of the examination shall be 3 hours.

Project: The Project shall contain 4 credits. Project evaluation shall be conducted at the end of the Sixth semester.

Evaluation and The evaluation scheme for each course shall contain two parts:

1. Internal evaluation

2. External evaluation.

20% weightage shall be given to the internal evaluation. The remaining 80% weightage shall be given to the external evaluation.

KANNUR UNIVERSITY

<u>UG PROGRAMME IN POLITICAL SCIENCE-COURSE STRUCTURE</u>

Cubicat	Corre	Common Course		(Core	e Co	our	se	Complimentary Course		Open	Total		
Subject	Sem	Engl (Fin Langu	rst	Second Language			oliti cien						Course	Total
	1	4	3	4			4			4	4			19
	2	4	3	4			4			4	4			19
	3	4		4	2	4		4				4		20
UG Programme In Political Science	4	4		4	2	4		5				4		21
	5				4	5	4	4	4				2	23
ı Politî	6				4	4	4	4	2*					18
gramme Iı		22 16 Credits(300 Credits(200 Marks) Marks)			64 Credits(775 Marks)			75	8		8	2		
UG Prog	Total							16	16 Credits (200 Marks		2 Credits (25 Marks)	120		
The enable				(500 Marks)				82	Cred	dits	(1000) Marks)		120 (1500 Marks)

The credit in* indicates project

Working Days per Semester: 90

Course	Credit	Marks	
Common Courses	38	500	
Core Courses	64	775	
Complimentary Courses	16	200	
Open Course	02	25	
Total	120	1500	

PAPER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

Papers	Subject	No. Of Papers	Marks Per Paper	Total Marks
Common	English	6	50	300
	Second Langauge	4	50	200
Complimentary	Economics	2	50	100
	History	2	50	100
Core	Political Science	15	50	750
Project	Political Science	1	25	25
Open		1	25	25
Total		31	1500	1500

UG PROGRAMME IN POLITICAL SCIENCE- SCHEME

SEMESTER-1

No	Course Title	Paper Code	Name of the	Credit	Mar	ks
			paper		CE	ESE
1	Common Course (English)	1A01ENG		4	10	40
2	Common Course (English)	1A02ENG		3	10	40
3	Common Course (Language)	1A07/MAL/ARB/URD/HIN		4	10	40
4	Core Course	1BO1POL	Introduction to Political Science	4	10	40
5	Complimentary Course	1C01		4	10	40

SEMESTER-2

No	Course Title	Paper Code	Name of the	Credit	Mar	ks
			paper		CE	ESE
1	Common Course (English)	2A03ENG		4	10	40
2	Common Course (English)	2A04ENG		3	10	40
3	Common Course (Language)	2A08/MAL/ARB/URD/HIN		4	10	40
4	Core Course	2BO2POL	Political Theory	4	10	40
5	Complimentary Course	2C02		4	10	40

SEMESTER-3

No	Course Title	Paper Code	Name of the paper	Credit	Mar	ks
					CE	ESE
1	Common Course (English)	3A05ENG		4	10	40
2	Common Course (Language)	3A09/MAL/ARB/ URD/HIN		4	10	40
3	Core Course	3BO3POL	Ancient and Medieval Political Thought	4	10	40
4	Core Course	3BO4POL	Indian Constitution and Government	4	10	40
5	Complimentary Course	3C03		4	10	40

SEMESTER-4

No	Course Title	Paper Code	Name of the paper	Credit	Mar	ks
					CE	ESE
1	Common Course (English)	4A06ENG		4	10	40
2	Common Course (Language)	4A10/MAL/ARB/ URD/HIN		4	10	40
3	Core Course	4BO5POL	Modern Political Thought	5	10	40
4	Core Course	4BO6POL	State and Politics In India	4	10	40
5	Complimentary Course	4C04		4	10	40

SEMESTER-5

No	Course Title	Paper Code	Name of the paper	Credit	Mar	ks
					CE	ESE
1	Core Course	5BO7POL	International Politics: Concepts and Theories	4	10	40
2	Core Course	5BO8POL	Comparative Politics and Government	5	10	40
3	Core Course	5BO9POL	Public Administration	4	10	40
4	Core Course	5B10POL	Society and Politics in Kerala	4	10	40
5	Core Course	5B11POL	Research Methodology in Political Science	4	10	40
5	Open Course	5D01		2	5	20

SEMESTER-6

No	Course Title	Paper Code	Name of the paper	Credit	Mar	ks
					CE	ESE
1	Core Course	6B12POL	International Politics: Issues and trends	4	10	40
2	Core Course	6B13POL	India's Foreign Policy	4	10	40
3	Core Course	6B14POL	Indian Political Thought	4	10	40
4	Core Course	6B15POL	Human Rights	4	10	40
5	Open Course	6B16POL	Project Work	2	5	20

<u>UG Programme in Political Science- Syllabus-(With effect from 2014 Admissions)</u>

•

No	Name	Sem	Course	Title of Course	Credits	Marks	Hrs/
	of the	ester	Code			CE/ESE	Week
	Course						
1		1	1B01POL	Introduction to Political Science	4	10/40	6
2		2	2B02POL	Political Theory	4	10/40	6
3		3	3B03POL	Ancient and Medieval Political	4	10/40	5
				Thought			
4		3	3B04POL	Indian Constitution and Government	4	10/40	4
5		4	4B05POL	Modern Political Thought	5	10/40	5
6		4	4B06POL	State and Politics in India	4	10/40	4
7		5	5B07POL	International Politics: Concepts and	4	10/40	5
	ırse			Theories			
8	Core Course	5	5B08POL	Comparative Politics and Government	5	10/40	5
9	Core	5	5B09POL	Public Administration	4	10/40	5
10		5	5B10POL	Society and Politics in Kerala	4	10/40	4
11		5	5B11POL	Research Methodology in Political	4	10/40	4
				Science			
12		6	6B12POL	International Politics: Issues and	4	10/40	6
				trends			
13		6	6B13POL	India's Foreign Policy	4	10/40	6
14		6	6B14POL	Indian Political Thought	4	10/40	5
15		6	6B15POL	Human Rights	4	10/40	5

16		6	6B16POL	Project Work	2	5/20	3
17	Open Course	5	5DO1POL	Dynamics of Indian Political System	2	5/20	2
	l		Complex	mentary Model-1 (For ECONOMICS)		I	
18	Compli mentary	1	1CO1 POL	Principles of Political Science	4	10/40	6
19	course	2	2CO2 POL	Political Ideologies	4	10/40	6
	1		Comp	limentary Model-2 (For HISTORY)			
20	Compli mentary	3	3CO3 POL	Foundations of Political Science	4	10/40	6
21	course	4	4CO4 POL	Political Ideologies	4	10/40	6
			Comp	limentary Model-3 (For ENGLISH/Fu	ınction	al English)	
22	Compli mentary	3	3CO5 POL	Basic concepts in Political Science	4	10/40	6
23	course	4	4CO6 POL	Human Rights in India	4	10/40	6
		1	Complin	nentary Model-4 (For MALAYALAM)	I	
24	Compli mentary	2	2CO7 POL	Mass Media and Political Communication	4	10/40	6
25	course	3	3CO8 POL	Society and Politics in Kerala	4	10/40	6

B A POLITICAL SCIENCE (CORE COURSE)

CORE COURSE-1,

IB01 POL -INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION

Political Science- Meaning, Nature and Scope

MODULE II: APPROACHES TO POLITICAL SCIENCE

- a) Traditional approaches—philosophical, historical, legal, institutional.
- b) Modern approaches- Interdisciplinary, behavioral, post-behavioral, systems, Marxian

MODULE III: STATE

Definition of state, elements of state, theories of origin of state (social contract theory, evolutionary theory and Marxian theory),

MODULE IV: SOVEREIGNTY

Sovereignty: meaning and nature, Monism and pluralism, changing dimensions of sovereignty

MODULE V: GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURES AND FUNCTIONS

- a, Theory of Separation of powers
- b, Legislature- bi-cameral and unicameral legislatures, Rule making functions
- c, Executive- Parliamentary and Presidential, Rule application functions
- d, Judiciary- Rule of law and administrative law, judicial review

MODULE VI: POLITICAL PROCESS

- a, Political Parties, Interest groups and pressure groups,
- b, Election and representation,
- c, Political culture, political socialization and Political Development

- 1) E. Barker, Principles of Social & Political Theory, Calcutta, Oxford University. Press, 1976.
- 2) S. I. Benn & R. S. Peters, Social Principles & Democratic State, London, Geogre & Allen, 1959.
- 3) A. Brecht, Political Theory: The foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought, Bombay, The Times of India Press, 1965.
- 4) M. Carnoy, The State & Political Theory, Princeton NJ, Princeton Uni. Press, 1987.
- 5) D. Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1987.
- 6) D. Held, Political Theory & Modern State, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1989.

- 7) Laski H. J. Grammar of Politics, Surjeeth Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
- 8) Macpherson C. B. Democratic Theory, Essays in Retrieval, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1977.
- 9) S. Ramswamy Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, Delhi, Macmillan, 2002.
- 10) S. P. Verma Modern Political Theory, New Delhi, Vikas, 1983.
- 11) Andrew Heywood- Politics, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
- 12) Appadorai A Substance of Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
- 13) Andrew Heywood- Political Theory: an Introduction, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2008
- 14, Lasswell, H. D. (1936). *Politics: Who Gets What, When and How* (1950 (Reprint, Peter Smith, New York) ed.). McGraw Hill: New York,1936

CORE COURSE-2

2B02 POL-POLITICAL THEORY

MODULE I. INTRODUCTION

- a ,Political theory, meaning and nature, Classical Political theory: nature and features,
- b, Modern political theory: behaviouralism and post behaviouralism,

MODULE II: BASIC CONCEPTS -1, LAW, LIBERTY EQUALITY AND JUSTICE

- a, Law: Meaning and sources, Kinds of law.
- b, Liberty: Meaning and Nature, positive and negative liberty, kinds of liberty.
- c, Equality: meaning, and kinds of equality, relationship between equality and liberty.
- d, Justice: meaning and nature of justice, theories of justice, types of justice, (Economic Justice, Political Justice) corrective justice and distributive justice; Rawls Theory of Justice

MODULE 111. BASIC CONCEPTS-2, RIGHTS AND DUTIES

- a, Rights: Meaning; different kinds of rights; concept of Human Rights.
- b, Rights and duties

MODULE 1V POLITICAL IDEOLOGY

- a, Ideology: meaning and nature.
- b, Political ideologies, Liberalism, Neo-liberalism, Marxism, Fascism, Gandhism

MODULE V. DEMOCRACY,

- a, Democracy: meaning and dimensions, Direct and indirect democracy
- c, Conditions for the success of democracy

MODULE V1 RECENT DEBATES IN POLITICAL THEORY

1) Libertarianism 2) Communitarianism 3) feminism, 4) Civil society

References

- 1. Rajiv Bhargava & Ashok Acharya, Political Theory:An Introduction, Pearson Longman, Delhi, 2008
- 2. I.M. Young, Justice and the Politics of Difference, Princeton University Press, Oxford, 1990.
- 3. Ahmed, In Theory: Classes, Nations, Literatures, Verso, London, 1992.
- 4. J.B. Elshtain, Public Man, Private Man: Women in Social and Political Thought, Princeton University Press, Princeton NJ, 1981.
- 5. E Barker , Principles of Social and political theory , Calcutta Oxford University Press 1976
- 6. Laski H.J., A Grammar of Politics London, Allan University
- 7. Verma S.P., Modern Political theory, New Delhi, Vikas 1983
- 8. N.P. Barry, Introduction to Modern Political theory, London, Macmillan 1995
- 9. D. Held ,Political theory and the Modern state, Cambridge, Polity Press 1989
- 10. D. Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge Polity Press 1987.
- 11. Andrew Heywood, Key Concepts in Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007
- 12. Mahajan. V.D, Political Theory, Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2009.
- 13. Robert A. Dahl , Modern Political analysis , Princeton , New Delhi, 1991
- 14. A.C.Kapur, Principles of Political Science, S, Chand, New Delhi, 2001
- 15. Osborne, D., & Gaebler, T. Reinventing Government. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1992
- **16.** Pharr, J. S., & Putnam, R. D. Disaffected Democracies. New Jersey: Princeton University Press,2000
- 17. Dionne Jr, E. J. (Why Americans Hate Politics. New York: Simon & Schuster, 1991
- 18. Franklin, B. Packaging Politics (2004 ed.). London: Arnold,1994
- 19. Knight, B., Chigudu, H., & Tandon, R. Reviving Democracy. London: EarthScan, 2006

CORE COURSE-3.

3B03 POL- ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL POLITICAL THOUGHT

MODULE 1: INTRODUCTION

- a) Political thought- meaning and importance,
- b) Contribution of Greek political thought ,Socrates-method of Socrates and his influence

MODULE 2: PLATO

- a, Method of Plato, Idealism
- b, System of education.
- c, Justice Ideal state-philosopher king- rule of philosophy-Platonic communism
- d, criticism of Platonic Idealism.

MODULE 3: ARISTOTLE

- a, Aristotle: State-origin, nature and functions. Classification of states and cycle of constitutions.
- b, Nature of Justice; Slavery, citizenship, Revolution- causes and remedies

MODULE 4: Roman Political Thought

- a, Contributions of Roman Political Thought-cosmopolitanism, law, sovereignty
- b, Polybius-idea of mixed constitution- checks and balances.
- c, Cicero-contributions

MODULE 5: Medieval Political Thought

- a, St. Thomas Aquinas, theory of law
- b, Dante- Universal Monarchy

MODULE 6: Machiavelli:

- a, Human nature, Politics and religion, Concept of state
- b, Realism in Machiavellian political philosophy

- 1. William Ebenstein Great Political Thinkers(Plato to present), Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 2. G.H. Sabine History of Political Theory, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. J C Johari Ancient Political Thought, Sterling, New Delhi, 2008
- 4. M.G. Gupta History of political Thought, Macmillan India, 1998
- 5. Dunning- History of Political Theory, S.Chand and Company, New Delhi, 2000
- 6. Landamas & Dyson, Fifty Great Political Thinkers, Sterling Publishers, New Delhii, 2007.
- 7. Bertrand Russell, History of Western Philosophy, London, 1955.
- 8. M.Judel Harmen Political thought. From Plato to the present: McGraw Hill , New York, 1964. .
- 9. Brian R. Nelson Western Political Thought, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 10. Chris Sparks & Stuart Isaacs, Political theorists in context, Routledge New York, 2006
- 11. Jean Hampton, Political Philosophy an Introduction, Oxford University Press, Delhi,1998
- 12. J.H Burns (edited) The Cambridge History of Political Thought 1400-1700, Cambridge University Press, 1996
- 13. Wayper C.L: Political Thought, English University Press, London, 1967.

CORE COURSE-4,

3B04 POL- INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT

MODULE J. MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION:

- a, Constitutional Development and national movement, Government of India Act 1919, 1935 and Indian Independence Act 1947.
 - b, Constituent Assembly, structure, functions and working

MODULE.2. FEATURES OF THE CONSTITUTION.

- a, Preamble: Philosophical and Ideological Base of the Constitution.
- b, Basic structure of the constitution

MODULE.3. CITIZEN AND STATE

- a, Fundamental Rights,
- b, Directive Principles of state policy,
- c, Fundamental duties

MODULE.4, GOVERNMENT OF THE UNION

- a, Union Executive- the President and the Vice-President- The Council of Ministers and the Prime Minister Powers and functions
- b, Union Legislature The Parliament: composition, powers and functions Speaker. Legislative Process, Committee system
 - c, Supreme court of India: structure powers and functions, judicial review

MODULE.5, GOVERNMENT OF THE STATES.

- a, Governor- the Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister- Powers and functions
- b, State Legislature- composition, powers and functions.
- c, High courts and lower courts, Powers and function

MODULE.5, MAJOR PROVISIONS IN CONSTITUTION

- a, Amendment and Amendment procedure
- b, Emergency Provisions,
- c, Jammu and Kashmir

MODULE.6, CONSTITUTIONAL BODIES

- a, Union Public Service Commission,
- d, The Finance Commission,
- e, Election commission

References

- 1) D.D. Basu: An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 2013.
- 2) G. Austin: 'Working a Democratic Constitution The Indian Experience' Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- 3) S. K. Chaube: Constituent Assembly of India Spring Board of Revolution, New Delhi, Peoples' Publishing House, 1973.
- 4) S. Kaviraj: Politics in India, Delhi, OUP. 1998.
- 5) W. H. Morris Jones: Government and Politics in India, Delhi, 1974.
- 6) M. V. Pylee- Constitutional Government in India, Bombay, Asia Pub. House, 1977.
- 7) M. V. Pylee An Introduction to Constitution of India, New Delhi, Vikas, 1998.
- 8) Brij Kishore Sharma: Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall: New Delhi, 2005.
- 9) B.L. Fadia: Indian Government and Politics, SahityaBhawan Publications: Agra, 2007.
- 10) U. Baxi, The Indian Supreme Court and Politics, Delhi, Eastern Book Company, 1980.
- 11) Ivor. Jennings, Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution, London, Oxford University Press, 1953.
- 12) S. Kashyap, Our Parliament, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1992.
- 13) A. G. Noorani, Constitutional Questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000..
- 14) Singh, M.P. and H. Roy (eds.), Indian Political System: Structure, Policies, Development, New Delhi, Jnanada Prakashan, 1995.

CORE COURSE-5.

4B05 POL-MODERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

MODULE 1. SOCIAL CONTRACTUALISTS:

Hobbes: Social Contract, Sovereignty, Individualism, Nature and attributes of State.

Locke: Natural Law, Natural Rights, Social Contract, Nature and functions of State,

Rousseau: Social Contract, General Will

MODULE 2. UTILITARIANS:

Jermy Bentham: Utilitarianism, Liberty, Pleasure Pain theory.

J.S Mill: Modifications of Bentham's theory, Liberty, Representative Government.

MODULE 3. IDEALISTS:

Hegel: Theory of state

T.H Green: Freedom and Rights, State and individual

MODULE 4.SOCIALISTS

- a, Evolution of socialism: Revolutionary and evolutionary socialism
- b, Marxism: Karl Marx: Basic principles, Dialectical materialism, Theory of labour, surplus value, class war, dictatorship of proletariat, withering away of state, criticism of Marxian theory

MODULE 5: SOCIALISM AFTER MARX.

a, Lenin: imperialism, role of communist party, Marxism-Leninism

b, Stalin: international communalism

c, Mao: concept of new democracy, Cultural Revolution

MODULE 6. CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL THOUGHT.

Gramsci: Theory of hegemony

John Rawls; Justice as fairness.

Robert Nozic: Minimal state

- 1. GH Sabine History of Political Theory, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. M.G. Gupta History of political Thought, Macmillan India, 1998
- 3. WA Dunning-History of Political Theory, S.Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2000.
- 4. Landamas and Dyson, Fifty Great Political Thinkers, Sterling Publishers, New Delhii, 2007.
- 5. Carew Hunt, The Theory and practice of Communism, The World press, Calcutta, 1988.
- 6. Dunning W.A A History of political Theories, Vols I & II, Macmillan, New York.
- 7. Gettel R.G. History of Political Thought, Novel & Co, New York.
- 8. Karl Popper, Open Society and its Enemies, Vols. I & II Rutledge, New York, 2007
- 9. Gupta R.C Western Political Thought, Lakshmi NarainAgarwal, Agra, 2007
- 10. Maxey C.C Political Philosophies, Surject Publications, Delhi, 2007.
- 11. Rawls.J A Theory of Justice, Oxford University press, London 1971
- 12. Subrata Mukherjee &SushilaRamaswamy A History of Political Thought, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 13. Varma. V.P Modern Indian Political Thought, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra 2000.
- 14. Wayper.C.L Political Thought, English University Press, London, 1967.
- 15. William Ebenstein Great Political Thinkers, Oxford IBH, New Delhi, 1969.
- 16. Schumpeter. Capitalism, Socialism and Democracy. New York: Harper and Brothers.,1942
- 17. Rousseau, J. J. The Social Contract (1947 ed.). (E. Barker, Ed.) London: Oxford University Press.1947
- 18. Hollander, S. The Economics of Karl Marx: Analysis and Application. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.2008

- 19. Foucault, M. Power, Right, Truth. In R. E. Goodin, & P. Pettit, Contemporary Political Philosophy (pp. 543-550). Oxford: Blackbell,1997
- 20. Marquand, D. The Decline of the Public: The Hollowing out of Citizenship. Cambridge: Polity Press. 2004
- 21. Marx, K. Capital: A Critique of Political Economy (1990 ed., Vol. 1). (B. Fowkes, Trans.) London: Penguin Books.1867
- 22. Marx, K. The Poverty of Philosophy (1955 ed.). (Zodiac, Trans.) Paris: Progress Publishers,1847
- 23. Mill, J. S. On Liberty (1974 ed.). London: Penguin. 1859

CORE COURSE-6.

4B06 POL- STATE AND POLITICS IN INDIA

MODULE I: INDIAN FEDERAL SYSTEM:

Features of Indian federalism, Unitary Vs federal, Cooperative and Competitive federalism

MODULE.2: TENSION AREAS IN INDIAN FEDERAL SYSTEM.

- a, Article 356, Governor and state,
- b, Inter-state disputes,
- c, Sarkaria Commission

MODULE 3: JUDICIARY AND FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS,

Judicial activism, PIL, Judicial reforms

MODULE 4: PARTY SYSTEM AND ELECTIONS IN INDIA

- a, National Parties and regional parties, voting and NOTA,
- b, Coalition Politics, Political Defections,

MODULE 5: DECENTRALISATION AND GRASS ROOT DEMOCRACY,

Panchayath raj system, 73rd and 74th Amendment Acts.

MODULE 6: CHALLENGES TO INDIAN DEMOCRACY:

- 1) Casteism, 2) Communalism,
- 3) Regionalism, 4) Linguism, , 5) Criminalisation of Politics, 6) Terrorism.

References

 Basu, Amrita & Atul Kohli (eds.) Community, Conflicts and the State in India, New Delhi, OUP, 1988

- 2. DD Basu, Upendra Bakshi and Parekh Bhikku (eds) Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, New Delhi: Sage, 1995
- 3. Horst, Hartman, Political Parties in India, Meenakshi Prakasham, New Delhi, 1982
- 4. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1994
- 5. Rajni Kothari, Democratic Polity & Social Change in India, Delhi, Allied Publishers, 1976
- 6. VP Pandey, Issues in Indian Politics, Durga Publications, New Delhi, 1985
- 7. JR Siwach JR, Dynamics of Indian Government ,Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1990
- 8. Zoya Hassan, Politics and the State in India, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2000
- 9. Sunder Raman. Indian Government and Politics, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1988
- 10. Bidyut Chakrabarty, Forging Power: Coalition politics in India, Oxford: Delhi, 2006.
- 11. Fadia, BL, Indian Government.and Politics, Sahitya Bhavan: Agra, 2007.
- 12. Dasgupta, Biplab, Globalisation: India's Adjustment Experience, Sage: New Delhi, 2007.
- 13. Trilochan Sastry,2014,Towards decriminalisation of Elections and Politics, *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol 49 (1),34-41
- 14. Sen, A. The Argumentative Indian. London: Penguin, 2005
- 15. Kumar, G. Local Democracy in India; Interpreting Decentralization. New Delhi: Sage.2006
- 16. Sankaran, P. *Decentralisation-Institutions, Justice and Social Development in India.* New Delhi: Serials Publications.2006
- 17. Madhav, S. Right to Information. Hyderabad: Asia Law House. 2008
- 18. Nilekani, N.. Imagining India: Ideas for the New Century. New Delhi: Penguin 2008.
- 19. Rajagopal, A. Politics After Revolution. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.2001

CORE COURSE-7.

5B07 POL-INTERNATIONAL POLITICS: CONCEPTS AND THEORIES

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

a) International Politics: Definition, nature and scope

MODULE 2: THEORETICAL INTERPRETATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- a) Idealism, Realism,
- b) Systems theory, Game theory, Decision making theory, Marxian theory, Dependency theory, Communications theory.

MODULE 3: CORE CONCEPTS IN INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- a) Power; elements of Power, national power, balance of power, collective security
- b) State System: Development and nature, nation and nationalism Contemporary state system,

c) Imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism,

MODULE 4: INSTRUMENT FOR PROMOTION OF NATIONAL POWER

- a) Foreign policy and national interest,
- b) Diplomacy: functions and limitations,
- c) War,
- d) International Law

MODULE 5: DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM

- a, Concept of International system, Treaty of Westphalia, Hague conventions,
- b, League of Nations: Objectives, structure, achievements, failure

MODULE 6: UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION

- a, UN: Evolution, Objectives, Organisational structure,
- b, Specialised agencies of UN: UNESCO, WHO, ILO
- c, Evaluation of UN

- 1. Ahuja, Kanta, Huup Coppens & Herman Van Der Wusten (eds.) Regime Transformation and World Realignment, New Delhi, SAGE, 1993.
- 2. Bajpai, Kanti& Shukul Hariss (eds.) Interpreting World Politics, New Delhi, SAGE, 1995.
- 3. Bruce L. Sanders & Durban Alanc, Contemporary International Politics: Introductory Readings, New York, John Wiley, 1971.
- 4. Buzan, Barry, People, States and Fear, Sussex, Wheat Sheaf Books, 1983.
- 5. Calvocoressi, World Politics, New York, Longman, 1982.
- 6. Carr, EH, The Twenty Years Crises 1919-1939, London, Macmillan, 1981.
- 7. Giddens, Anthony, The Third Way, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1998.
- 8. Halliday, Fred, Making of the Second Cold War, London, Verso, 1989.
- 9. Halliday, Fred, Rethinking International Relations, London, Macmillan, 1994
- 10. Harshe, Rajen, Twentieth Century Imperialism, New Delhi, SAGE, 1997.
- 11. Mayall, James, Nationalism and International Society, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- 12. Rosecrance Richard, Action and Reaction in World Politics, Bostan, Little Brown, 1963.
- 13. Smith, Anthony, State and Nation in the Third World, Sussex, Wheat Sheaf Books, 1983.

CORE COURSE-8,

5B08 POL - COMPARATIVE POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Module I.INTRODUCTION

a, Definition, Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics.

b, Approaches to comparative politics

c, Constitution and constitutionalism.

MODULE 2 FEATURES OF MAJOR MODERN CONSTITUTIONS:

Features of constitutions of U.K., U.S.A., France, Switzerland and China.

MODULE 3. RULE MAKING PROCESS:

Rule making in U.K., U.S.A. France, China, and Switzerland

MODULE 4 RULE APPLICATION PROCESS:

Rule application process; U.K., U.S.A. France, China, and Switzerland

MODULE 5 JUDICIAL PROCESS:

Judicial review: USA, Rule of law: UK, Administrative law: France

MODULE 6 PARTY SYSTEMS:

Multiparty system, France, Switzerland

Bi party system: UK, USA,

Single party system-, China

- 1. Macridis, Roy C: Modern Political Regimes, Patterns and Institutions, Boston, little
- 2. Brown and Company, 1986
- 3. Mahajan Gurpreet: The Multicultural Path, New Delhi, Sage Publication, 2002.
- 4. Macridis, Roy C: & Bernard E. Brown; Comparative Politics, Chicago, Dorsey Press, 1986
- 5. Macridis, Roy C: Modern Political Regimes, Patterns and Institutions, Boston, Brown book group, 1986
- 6. Ray, Samirendra N: Modern Comparative Politics: Approaches, Methods and Issues, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India, 1999.
- 7. S A Palekar, Comparative Politics and Government, PHI, New Delhi, 2008.
- 8. Bhagwan Vishnoo, Rajani R Shirur& Bhushan Vidya, World Constitutions, Sterling, 1997.
- 9. Almond Gabriel: Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, Boston little ,Brown, 1970
- 10. K.C.Wheare, Modern Constitutions, Oxford University Press, 1966.
- 11. A.V.Dicey, Introduction to the Study of the Law of the constitution, Amazon, 1885.
- 12. PeterLeyland, The constitution of UK-A contextual analysis, Hart publishing, 2012.

- 13. Almond Gabriel, Comparative politics: A developmental Approach, Brown book group, 1996.
- 14. S N Ray, Modern Comparative politics: Approaches, Methods and issues, PHI, New Delhi, 1998.
- 15. G Bingham Powell Jr., Gabriel A Almond, Russell J Dalton & Kaare Strom, Comparative politics today, Pearson Publishing, New Delhi, 2011.
- 16. C P Vidya Bhushan, Comparative Politics, New Delhi, Atlantic Publishers, 2006.
- 17. P B Rathod, B K Chaturvedi &Richard E Wolfe, Comparative Political Systems, Common Wealth Publishers, 2011.

CORE COURSE-9,

5B09 POL - PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

MODULE 1.INTRODUCTION

- a, Public administration- meaning, evolution and scope.
- b, Basis of Public Administration- functional, Geographical centralisation and decentralisation

MODULE 2. STRUCTURE OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION:

- a, Public administration and private administration.
- b, Approaches to the study mechanical approach, structural-functional approach, Public Choice Approach.

MODULE 3. ORGANISATION & MANAGEMENT.

- a, Organization; Definition and Meaning, approaches,
- b, Bases of organisation (4Ps), hierarchy, Span of Control, unity of command
- c, Staff, line and auxiliary agencies,
- d, Department bases of department formations (4 Ps).
- e, Management; meaning, nature and types of management; Executive as a manager, planning, decision making, supervision, delegation,

MODULE4. BUREAUCRACY

Bureaucracy; meaning, contributions of Max Weber: principles of bureaucracy

MODULE 5.PERSONNEL AND FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

- a, Spoil system Vs. Merit system.
- b, Civil Service, importance, role and functions
- c, Budget; meaning and principles. Control over administration

MODULE 6. ADMINISTRATIVE ACCOUNTABLITY.

- a. Social auditing; Lok Auktha and Lok pal;
- b. Right to Information Act
- c. Good Governance and E Governance

- 1. Rumki Basu, Public Administration, Concepts and Theorie,s Sterling, New Delhi, 1990
- 2. S. R. Maheshwari, Theories and Concepts in Public Administration, Allied, Delhi, 1991
- 3. Prashant K. Mathru, Public Administration:Policy and Planning, Kanishka, New Delhi, 1996.
- 4. J. E. Anderson, Public Policymaking, Boston, Houghton, Miffin, 1990.
- 5. P. H. Appleby, Policy and Administration, Alabama, Uni. Alabama press, 1957.
- 6. T. N. Chaturvedi (ed.) Contemporary Administrative Culture of India, New Delhi, Mittal, 1977. P. R. Dubhashi, Recent Trends in Public administration, Delhi, Kaveri, 1995
- 7. C. M. Jain & A Hingar (Ed.) Administrative Culture: Premises and Perspectives, Jaipur, RBSA publication, 1996
- 8. J. Lapalambora & M. Weiner (Ed.), Bureaucracy and Political Development, Princeton, N.J. Princeton Uni. Press, 1996
- 9. L. D. White, Introduction to the Study of Public Administration, New York, McMillan, 1955
- M P Sharma&B L Sadana, Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Allahabad, Kitab Mahal, 1998.
- 11. Hans Raj, Principles of Public Administration, Delhi, Surject Publication, 1989.
- 12. Roy, Jayatilak Guha, Right to information: Initiatives and Impacts, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration, 2006.
- 13. K S Srivasthava, Public Administration in India, New Delhi, APH, 2007.
- 14. R K Sapru, Administrative Theories and Management Thoughts, PHI Learning, 2013
- 15. Hazary, Narayan, Development Administration, New Delhi, APH, 2005.
- 16. Hoshiar singh, Pankaj Singh, Indian Administration, Pearson, 2011.
- 17. Maheswari, Public Administration in India, Mac Millian India., 2000.
- 18. P B Rathod, Shilaja Nagendra,&Helen Lauer, Contemporary Public Administration: Ideas and Issues, ABD Publishers, 2004.
- **19.** J K Chopra,B K Chaturvedi,&Richard E Wolfe, Bureaucracy and Public Administration, Common Wealth Publishers,2011.
- 20. Bhatnagar, S. E-Governance: From Vision to Implementation. New Delhi: Sage.2004

CORE COURSE-10

5B10 POL - SOCIETY AND POLITICS IN KERALA

MODULE I: SOCIAL AND DEMOCRATIC BASIS OF KERALA SOCIETY:

- a) Caste and class structure in Pre-independence period.
- b, English education-colonial modernity-Role of missionaries

MODULE 2: SOCIAL REFORMERS

SreeNarayana Guru, Ayyankali, Chattambi Swamikal, Abdul khaddar Moulavi, V T Bhattathirippad, Vaghbadanandan,

MODULE 3: MAKING OF MODERN KERALA

- a, Temple entry struggles-Vaikom Sathyagraha, Guruvayur Sathyagraha, NSS-SNDP,
- b, Democratic Movements and rise of representative institutions.
- c, Communist and peasant movements: Punnapra vayalar, Morazha, Kayyur struggles

MODULE 4: PARTY SYSTEM AND ELECTORAL POLITICS

- a, Development of Party system in Kerala
- b, Coalition politics in Kerala

MODULE 5: GRASS ROOT LEVEL DEMOCRACY AND DECENTRALIZATION

Panchayathiraj institutions in Kerala – Grassroot level planning, Neighbourhood groups.

MODULE 6: KERALA MODEL OF DEVELOPMENT:

Kerala Model development: features, challenges and prospects.

- 1. Dreze Jean & Amartya Sen, India: Economic Development and Participation, Oxford, 2002
- 2. Govindan Parayil, Kerala The Development Experience, Zed Books, London, 2000
- 3. Issac Thomas T M & Richard Franke, Local Democracy and Development, Leftword Books, New Delhi,2000
- 4. Joseph Thamaramangalam (ed), Kerala-the Paradoxes of Development and Public Action, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2006
- 5. Oommen M A, Rethinking Development: Kerala's Development Experience, Concept, New Delhi, 1999.
- 6. John, John P.: Coalition Governments in Kerala, Institute for the Study of Public Policy and Management, Trivandrum, 1983.

- 7. Nossiter J.R: Communism in Kerala: A Study in Political Adaptation, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1982.
- 8. Robin Jeffrey: Politics, Women and Well being, How Kerala Became a Model? Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1993.
- 9. Robin Jeffrey: Decline of Nayar Dominance: Society and Politics in Travancore, 1847-1907, Vikas, New Delhi.
- 10. George.K.K (1993),Limits if Kerala Model Development: An analysis of fiscal crises and Its implications, CDS, Monograph series, Trivandrum, 1993
- 11, Leiten, G.K, The First Communist Ministry in Kerala: 1957-59, K.P.Bagchi, Calcutta, 1982
- 12, M. S. John and Jos Chathukulam, Building Social Capital through State Initiative:

Participatory Planning in Kerala, Economic and Political Weekly, Vol 37 (20), 1939-1948

CORE COURSE-11

5B11 POL - RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

MODULE-1: Social Science Research

Social Science Research: meaning and significance

Scientific Research: features and limitations,

Module -2: Types of Research

Different types of research: Pure and Applied, Historical and Analytical. Survey Research:

Module -3: Hypothesis

Hypothesis: Type of Hypothesis, functions and importance; Characteristics of good

Hypothesis. Formulation of Hypothesis

Concepts and variables

Module -4 Research Design:

Research design: Meaning and importance

Exploratory, Descriptive, Experimental and Action Research

Module -5, Data and Data Collection

Population and sampling, Types of sampling.

Source of data, Primary and secondary data,

Different methods of data collection,

Data analysis

Module -6:Report

Report Writing: Types of reports, Qualities of good report,

Role of Internet and computers in Research,

References

- 1. Bridget Somek, Lewin, Research Methods in the Social Sciences, Vistaar Publications, New Delhi, 2008.
- 2. Mukherjee, Parth, N. (ed.), Methodology in Social Research: Dilemmas and Perspectives, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2000.
- 3. Goode and Hatt, Methods in Social Research, Mc Graw-Hill, New York, 1952.
- 4. Gopal Lal Jain, Research Methodology: Methods, Tools and Techniques. Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur, 2003.
- Kumar, Ranjit, Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for Beginners, Sage, London, 1999.
- 6. Kothari.C.R, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International, New Delhi, 2004.
- 7. Krishnaswamy O.R & Rangananthan M: Methodology of Research in Social Sciences, Himalaya, 2006.
- 8. Sharma B.A.V.Prasad & Satyanarayana.P (ed); Research Methods in Social Sciences, Sterling, New Delhi, 1983.
- 9. Young P.V, Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Asia publishing House, Bombay 1997.
- 10. Zina O Leary, The Essential Guide to Doing Research, Vistaar, New Delhi, 2008.
- 11. Freeman (ed.) Foundations of Political Science-Research, Methods and Scope, Free Press, 1977
- 12. Bickman, Leonard (ed.) Research Design, Sage, Thousand Oaks, 2000.
- 13. Burns, Robert, B., Introduction to Research Methods, Sage, London, 2000.
- 14. Dixon, Beverly, R., Bouma, Gary, D & Atkinson, G.B.J., A Handbook of Social Science Research, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1987.
- **15.** Goel, MadanLal& Singh, V.B., Social and Political Science Research Methods, Ajanta, New Delhi, 1996.

CORE COURSE-12

<u>6B12 POL - INTERNATIONAL POLITICS: ISSUES AND TRENDS</u>

MODULE 1: CHANGING NATURE OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- a) Cold war-, Origin, Development and consequences
- b) Unipolarism and multipolarism

MODULE 2: MULTILATERALISM AND REGIONALISM

a, Regionalism- origin and growth,

b, Multilateralism and regional organisations: NAM, SAARC, EU, BRICS

MODULE 3: ARMS RACE AND DISARMAMENT

- a) Arms race: nuclear weapons and weapons of mass destruction, need of disarmament
- b) Efforts for disarmament, NPT, CTBT

MODULE 4: ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

- c) Terrorism- 9/11 and war on terrorism
- d) War and internal conflicts, ethnic conflicts,
- e) Environment and global warming,

MODULE 5: GLOBALIZATION

- a, Globalization: Meaning and dimension
- b, Brettenwood Institutions, MNCs TNCs
- c, North South divide , New International Economic order

MODULE 6: ROLE OF UN IN NEW WORLD

- a,UN and its relevance
- c,Reforms in UN system

- 1. Francis Fukuyama, The End of History and the Last Man, Freepress, 1992.
- 2. Hans J.Morgenthau: Politics among Nations: Struggle for power and Peace, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, 1985.
- 3. David.J.Wittaker, The Terrorism: A Reader, Rutledge, London, 2001.
- 4. John.Allphon Moore Jr. & Jerry Pubants, The New United Nations: International Organisation in the 21st Century, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. John Baylis, et.al; (ed), The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations, 4th edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
- 6. Palmer and Perkins: International Relations, Revised Indian edition, A.I.T.B.S Publisher's, New Delhi, 2002.
- 7. Robert Jackson & Georg Sorensen: Introduction to International Relations, Theories and Approaches. 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, New York, 2008.
- 8. Samuel Huntington: The clash of Civilization and the Remaking of World Orders, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2008.
- 9. Saxena K.P: Reforming the United Nations: The Challenges and Relevance, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
- Steger M.Manfred: Globalization: A very short Introduction, Oxford University Press, Pondicherry, 2009.
- 11. Bajpai, Kanti & Shukul Hariss (eds.) Interpreting World Politics, New Delhi, SAGE, 1995.

- 12. Bruce L. Sanders & Durban Alanc, Contemporary International Politics: Introductory Readings, New York, John Wiley, 1971.
- 13. Harshe, Rajen, Twentieth Century Imperialism, New Delhi, SAGE, 1997.
- 14. D Ravi Kanth,2014,What Happened at Tthe Bali WTO Meet and Why, *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol 49 (2),15-19

CORE COURSE-13

6B13 POL - INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY

MODULE I: BASIC DETERMINANTS OF INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY

- a) Indian Foreign Policy: Objectives and principles
- b) Determinants of India's Foreign Policy

MODULE 2: INDIA AND THE NON-ALIGNMENT MOVEMENT

- a) Principles, Evolution and working of NAM
- b) India and NAM
- c, Relevance of NAM

MODULE 3: INDIAS RELATION WITH NEIGHBOURS

a) India's relations with Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh & Afghanistan

MODULE 4: INDIA AND THE NEW WORLD ORDER

- a) Regional co-operation; SAARC. ASEAN
- b, Trans-regional cooperation: European Union
- c, Emerging Powers and India: BRICS
- d, India's Nuclear policy

MODULE 5: INDIA AND THE MAJOR POWERS

India s relation with USA, China and Russia

MODULE 6: INDIA AND UN

- a, India's role in UN
- b, Indian demands for democratisation of UN Security Council

- 1. Bahadur, Kalim (ed.), South Asia in Transition: Conflicts and tensions, Patriots, New Delhi, 1986.
- 2. Banerjee, A.K. (ed.), Security issues in South Asia: Domestic and external sources of threats to security, Minerva, Calcutta, 1998.
- 3. Bidwai, Praful and AchinVanaik (eds.), South Asia on a short fuse: Nuclear politics and the future of global disarmament, OUP, New Delhi, 1999.
- 4. Ghosh, Partha S., Cooperation and conflict in South Asia, Manohar, New Delhi, 1989.

- 5. Gould, H.A. & SumitGanguly (eds.), The Hope and the Reality: U.S.-Indian Relations from Roosevelt to Reagan, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi, 1993.
- 6. Gujral, I.K., A foreign policy for India, External Publicity Division, MEA, Government of India, Delhi, 1998.
- 7, Rosenau, James ed.: International Politics and Foreign Policy-A Reader in Research and Theory, New York: Free Press, 1969
- 8. Paul, T.V. The Tradition of Non-use of Nuclear Weapons, Stanford: Stanford University Press.2009
- 9. Mansingh, Surjeet, India's search for power: Indira Gandhi's foreign policy, 1966-1982, New Delhi Sage, 1984.
- 10. Perkovich, G., India's nuclear bomb: The impact on global proliferation New Delhi, OUP, 2000.
- 11. Suryanarayan, V. (ed.), South and Southeast Asia in the 1990s: Indian and American Perspectives Delhi: Konark, 1992.
- 12. Upreti, B.C. et al. (eds.), India's foreign policy: Emerging challenges and paradigms, Delhi: Kalinga, 2003,
- 13, Manmohan Singh, India's Economic Reforms and Development, Oxford, 1998
- 14, Talwar Sabanna, WTO and Indian Economic Reforms, Serials Publications, New Delhi, 2008

CORE COURSE-14

6B14 POL - INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

MODULE I :ANCIENT INDIAN THOUGHT

Manu: views on political order

Kautilya: Theory of State, Saptanga Theory, Dandaniti, Diplomacy.

MODULE II: MODERN POLITICAL THEORY

a) Raja Ram Mohan Roy: Social reforms

b, Gokhale: Servants of India society

c) Tilak: Philosophy of Swaraj, method of struggle

MODULE III: MAHATMA GANDHI:

Satyagraha, Non-violence, Sarvodaya, Trusteeship

MODULE IV: SOCIALIST TRADITION:

M N Roy- New Humanism

Jayapraksh Narayanan: Total revolution

R M Lohia: Political ideas and cyclical theory.

MODULE V: SOCIAL REFORMS

B R Ambedkar: Dalit Upliftment

Vinobhabhave: Bhoodan,

MODULE VI: DEMOCRATIC SOCIALISM:

Jawaharlal Nehru: Socialism, Secularism

- 1. Appadorai A., Indian Political thinking in the 20thcentury, New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1987
- 2. R.M. Lohia, Marx Gandhi and Socialism, Hyderabad, Scientific Socialist Educational Trust ,1976
- 3. Mehta V. R., Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1996
- 4. Mehta V. R., & Thomas Pantham (eds.), Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, New Delhi, Sage ,2006
- 5. Pantham Thomas & Kenneth Deutsch (eds.), Political Thought in Modern India , New Delhi, Sage,1986
- 6. V. P. Verma, Modern Indian Political Thought, Lakshmi NarainAgarwal, Agra, 2000
- 7. V. P. Verma, Studies in Hindu Political Thought and its Metaphysical Foundations, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1974.
- 8. K.P. Karunakaran, Indian Politics from DadabhaiNoroji to Gandhi; A Study of Political Ideas of Modern India, New Delhi, Gitanjali, 1975.
- 9. V.R. Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
- 10. B.R. Nanda, Gandhi and His Critics, Delhi Oxford, 1985.
- 11. Copley, A., Gandhi Against the Tide. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998
- 12. Sharma, Y. C. ,Cotton Khadi in Indian Economy. Ahamedabad: Navajivan Publishing House.1999
- 13. Tandon, V., Selections from Vinoba. Varanasi: Sarva Seva Sangh Prakashan, 1981
- 14. Weber, T., Gandhi, Gandhism and the Gandhians. Noida: Roli Books, 2006
- 15., Gopal., Selected Works of Jawaharlal Nehru (Vol. 1). New Delhi: Jawaharlal Nehru Fund,1984
- 16. Ray, S, Selected Works of M.N. Roy (Vol.1). New Delhi: Oxford University Press,1987

CORE COURSE-15 6B15 POL - HUMAN RIGHTS

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION

- a, Human Rights-Concept, evolution
- b, Three Generations of Human Rights
- c, liberal and Marxian approaches to human rights

MODULE 2: HUMAN RIGHTS AND UN

- a, Human rights and UN
- b, Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- c, UN Covenants on Human Rights

MODULE 3: HUMAN RIGHTS MOVEMENTS

a) Amnesty International b) Human Right Watch, c) International Red Cross

MODULE 4: HUMAN RIGHTS AND MINORITIES

Rights of children and women, LGBT rights, Dalits and adivasies

MODULE 5: HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA

- a, Constitutional Provisions, Human Rights Commission, Judiciary and PIL, Right to information
- b, Human right movements in India: Chipko, Narmada Bachavo Andolan, Silent Valley

MODULE 6: EMERGING ISSUES IN HUMAN RIGHTS

- a, War and internal conflicts, State and human rights
- b, Environment and development,
- c, Globalization and Human Rights

- 1. B.P. Singh, Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives, New Delhi: Deep & Deep, 2008.
- 2. AftabAlam, Human Rights in India: Issues and Challenges, Delhi: Raj Publications, 2004.
- 3. ShankerSen, Tryst with Law Enforcement and Human Rights: four decades in Indian Police, New Delhi: APH, 2009.
- 4. Harsh Bhanwar, Human Rights Law in India: Protection and Implementation of the Human Rights, New Delhi: Regal Pub., 2008.
- 5. Awasthi , S.K. & R.P. Kataria, Law Relating to Protection of Human Right, New Delhi: Orient Publishing, 2002.
- 6. Tim Dunne and Nicholas J. Wheeler (eds.), Human Rights in Global Politics, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1998

- 7. SunitaSamal, Human Rights and Human Development: Concepts and Contexts, Kanishka, New Delhi, 2003
- 8. M.M. Rehman, et al, Human Rights and Human Development: Concepts and Contexts, Manak, New Delhi, 2000
- 9. M. Stephen, Human Rights: Concepts and Perspectives, Concept, New Delhi, 2002.
- 10. M.H. Syed, Human Rights: The New Era, Kilaso Books, New Delhi, 2003.
- 11. Sonali Singh, Reinterpreting Human Rights A Third World Perspectives, Ganga Kaveri, Varanasi, 2004
- 12. Sunita Samal, Human Rights and Development in Emerging World Order New Delhi: Kanishka, 2003.
- 13. Tim Dunne and Nicholas J. Wheeler (eds.), Human Rights in Global Politics Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998
- 14. Rachna, Suchinmayee , Gender, Human Rights and Environment, New Delhi : Atlantic , 2008

6B16POL- PROJECT

INSTRUCTIONS WITH REGARD TO PROJECT WORK

The dissertation/project topic may be theoretical or empirical relevant to the study of Political Science. It can be done as group work and the group shall contain maximum six members. The dissertation shall be divided into Preliminary, Introduction, Chapters, Conclusion and List of Selected Bibliography

a) Preliminary

The preliminary part should contain Title page, Certificate, Preface with Acknowledgement (not mandatory), Contents with page numbers and list of tables and figures

b) Introduction

Introduction specify the objectives of the study, scope and relevance of the study and a general introduction of the topic

c) Chapters

Chapters should analyze the core content of the topic

d) Conclusion

Conclusion must contain a brief revisit to the problem and highlight the relevance and significance of the study. Conclusion states the findings of the study and suggestions if any.

e) List of selected Bibliography

Preparation and submission of the Report

The Dissertation must be typed in A4 size paper, Times New Roman 12 size font. References and foot-notes/end notes must be given in a standard reference format (APA/MLA). Dissertation must be spirally bound. Size of the typed matter may be 40-60 pages.

The topic for the dissertation should be assigned at the beginning of the Vth semester. As part of the project a study tour should be conducted. The purpose of the tour is to familiarize students with various political systems prevailing in India and to acquaint with different political institutions. A tour report should be submitted to the concerned research guide before the completion of the project. The project reports should be submitted to the Department in duplicate before the completion of the VIth Semester.

OPEN COURSE

5DO1POL-DYNAMICS OF INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM

MODULE I:. INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN POLITY.

- a, Development of Indian constitution
- b, Constituent Assembly
- c, Salient features of the Indian Constitution
- d, Indian federalism-nature and trends

MODULE 2: STATE AND CITIZEN

- a, Fundamental Rights
- b, Directive principles of State Policy and Fundamental duties

MODULE 3: GOVERNMENT OF THE UNION AND STATES

- (a) Executive- the President, Council of Ministers and the Prime Minister. Governor and chief minister
- (b) Legislature Parliament- LokSabha and the Rajya Sabha, powers and function, state legislature
- (c) Judiciary- the Supreme Court and the High Courts, judicial review, PIL

MODULE 4: MAJOR ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS:

Communalism, casteism, regionalism, terrorism

- 1. D.D. Basu: An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall: 2013.
- 2. G. Austin: 'Working a Democratic Constitution The Indian Experience', Delhi, Oxford Uni. Press, 2000.
- 3. S. K. Chaube: Constituent Assembly of India Spring Board of Revolution, New Delhi, Peoples' Publishing House, 1973.

- 4. S. Kaviraj: Politics in India, Delhi, OUP. 1998.
- 5. W. H. Morris Jones: Government and Politics in India, Delhi, 1974.
- 6. M. V. Pylee- Constitutional Government in India, Bombay, Asia Pub. House, 1977.
- 7. M. V. Pylee An Introduction to Constitution of India, New Delhi, Vikas, 1998.
- 8. Brij Kishore Sharma: Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall: New Delhi, 2005.
- 9. B.L. Fadia: Indian Government and Politics, SahityaBhawan Publications: Agra, 2007.
- 10. , U. Baxi, The Indian Supreme Court and Politics, Delhi, Eastern Book Company, 1980.
- 11. Ivor. Jennings, Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution, London, Oxford University Press, 1953.
- 12. S. Kashyap, Our Parliament, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1992.

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-1 (FOR ECONOMICS) 1CO1 POL- PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION

Political Science: Meaning, nature and scope

State: elements of state, Theories of origin of state -evolutionary and Marxian theories

MODULE 2: SOVEREIGNTY-

Sovereignty: typology, features, monism and pluralism,

MODULE 3: DEMOCRACY

- a, Democracy: Meaning and interpretations
- b, Liberal, Marxian and Gandhian views
- c, Direct and Indirect democracy, conditions necessary for the success of democracy.

MODULE 4: CONSTITUTION

Constitutions and constitutionalism, classifications of constitutions.

MODULE 5: STRUCTURE OF GOVERNMENT:

- a, Theory of separation of powers
- b) Legislature- bi-cameral and unicameral
- c, Executive-permanent and political, Parliamentary and Presidential
- d) Judiciary-Role and structure

MODULE 6: POLITICAL DYNAMICS

- a) Party system, Types of parties, election and representation
- b, Pressure groups and interest groups
- c) Public Opinion

Reference

- 1) E. Barker, Principles of Social & Political Theory, Calcutta, Oxford Uni. Press, 1976.
- 2) S. I. Benn & R. S. Peters, Social Principles & Democratic State, London, George & Allen, 1959.
- 3) A. Brecht, Political Theory: The foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought, Bombay, The Times of India Press, 1965.
- 4) M. Carnoy, The State & Political Theory, Princeton NJ Princeton Uni. Press, 1987.
- 5) D. Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1987.
- 6) D. Held, Political Theory & Modern State, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1989.
- 7) Laski H. J., A Grammar of Politics, Allen & Unwin, 1948.
- 8) Macpherson C. B., Democratic Theory, Essays in Retrieval, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1977.
- 9) S. Ramswamy, Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, Delhi, Macmillan, 2002.
- 10) S. P. Verma –, Modern Political Theory, New Delhi, Vikas, 1983.
- 11) Andrew Heywood, Politics, Macmillan, New Delhi, 2002
- 12) Andrew Heywood, Political Ideologies, Macmillan, New Delhi, 2003

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-1 (FOR ECONOMICS) 2CO2 POL- POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION:

- a, Ideology; Meaning and importance
- b, Evolution of Political ideology

MODULE 2: MAJOR CONCEPTS

- a, Power, Influence, Authority
- b, Law, Liberty, Equality,
- c, Justice, Rights and Duties

MODULE 3: MAJOR IDEOLOGIES,

- a, Individualism, Classical and modern Individualism
- b, Liberalism, neo-liberalism, Pluralism, Anarchism
- c, Nationalist ideologies: fascism, Nazism,

MODULE 4: MAJOR IDEOLOGIES-2:

Socialism; Meaning and nature

Evolutionary Socialism

Revolutionary socialism: Marxism,

MODULE 5: GANDHISM

Nonviolence, Sarvodaya, Sathyagraha, Swaraj

MODULE 6: DEMOCRACY

Concept of democracy, Direct and indirect democracy

References

- 1. Appadorai A, Substance of Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Alan R.Ball ,Modern Politics and Government, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2008.
- 3. Andrew Heywood, Political Theory, An Introduction, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan,
- 4. New York, 2008.
- 5. Andrew Heywood: Key Concepts in Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
- 6. David Robertson: Dictionary of Politics, 3rd edition, Rutledge, Ane Books, New Delhi, 2007.
- 7. Gauba O.P: Introduction to Political Theory, Macmillan Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
- 8. Mahajan.V.D: Political Theory, Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2009.
- **9.** Varma S.P: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, New Delhi.1984.

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-2 (FOR HISTORY) 3CO3 POL-FOUNDATIONS OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION

- a, Political Science: Meaning, nature and scope:
- b, State: elements of state Population, territory, government and sovereignty
- c, Theories of origin of state -evolutionary and Marxian

MODULE 2: DEMOCRACY

- a, Democracy: Meaning and interpretations; Liberal, Marxian and Gandhian views;
- b, Direct and Indirect democracy
- c, Conditions necessary for the success of democracy.

MODULE 3: CONSTITUTION

Constitutions and constitutionalism, classifications of constitutions.

MODULE 4:STRUCTURE OF GOVERNMENT

- a, Theory of separation of powers
- b) Legislature- bi-cameral and unicameral, role of legislature,
- c, Executive-permanent and political, Parliamentary and Presidential
- d) Judiciary-Role and structure

MODULE 5: POLITICAL DYNAMICS

- a) Party system, Types of party system, election and representation
- b, Pressure groups and interest groups

MODULE 6: UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION

UN-Structure and functions

Reference

- 1) E. Barker, Principles of Social & Political Theory, Calcutta, Oxford Uni. Press, 1976.
- 2) S. I. Benn & R. S. Peters, Social Principles & Democratic State, London, George & Allen, 1959.
- 3) A. Brecht, Political Theory: The foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought, Bombay, The Times of India Press, 1965.
- 4) M. Carnoy, The State & Political Theory, Princeton NJ Princeton Uni. Press, 1987.
- 5) D. Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1987.
- 6) D. Held, Political Theory & Modern State, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1989.
- 7) Laski H. J., A Grammar of Politics, Allen & Unwin, 1948.
- 8) Macpherson C. B., Democratic Theory, Essays in Retrieval, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1977.
- 9) S. Ramswamy, Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, Delhi, Macmillan, 2002.
- 10) S. P. Verma, Modern Political Theory, New Delhi, Vikas, 1983.
- 11) Andrew Heywood, Politics, Macmillan, 2002
- 12) Andrew Heywood, Political Ideologies, Macmillan, 2003
- 13) Andrew Heywood, Political Theory: An Inroduction, Macmillan, 2005

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-2 (FOR HISTORY) 4CO4 POL- POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION

- a, Ideology; Meaning and importance
- b, Evolution of Political ideology

MODULE 2: MAJOR CONCEPTS

- a, Power, Influence, Authority
- b, Law, Liberty, Equality,
- c, Justice, Rights and Duties

MODULE 3: MAJOR IDEOLOGIES

Individualism: Classical and modern Individualism

b, Liberalism, neo-liberalism, Pluralism, anarchism

c, Nationalist ideologies: fascism, Nazism,

MODULE 4: MAJOR IDEOLOGIES-2

- a, Socialism; Evolutionary and Revolutionary socialism
- b, Evolutionary Socialism
- c, Revolutionary socialism: Marxism,

MODULE 5: GANDHISM:

Nonviolence, Sarvodaya, Sathyagraha, Swaraj

MODULE 6: DEMOCRACY

Concept of democracy, Direct and indirect democracy

References

- 1. Appadorai A, Substance of Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Alan Rebel, Modern Politics and Government, Palgrave Macmillan, Guy Peters New York, 2008.
- 3. Andrew Heywood, Political Theory, An Introduction, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2008.
- 4. Andrew Heywood, Politics, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
- 5. Andrew Heywood, Key Concepts in Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
- 6. David Robertson, Dictionary of Politics, 3rd edition, Rutledge, Ane Books, New Delhi, 2007.
- 7. Gauba O.P, Introduction to Political Theory, Macmillan Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
- 8. Mahajan.V.D, Political Theory, Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2009.
- 9. Varma S.P, Modern Political Theory, Vikas, New Delhi. 1984

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-3 (FOR ENGLISH/Functional English)

3CO5 POL-BASIC CONCEPTS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

MODULE I:INTRODUCTION

- 1, Political Science: Meaning and scope
- 2,Political science a) as art of government, b) as public affairs, c) as compromise and consensus
- ,d) as power

MODULE 2: THE STATE

- a, State : Meaning, Characteristics
- b, State and civil society
- c) Theories of the origin of the state; Evolutionary and Marxian Theories.

MODULE 3: SOVEREIGNTY:

Meaning and Typology. Changing nature of sovereignty

MODULE 4: BASIC CONCEPTS

Power, influence, authority and legitimacy

MODULE 5: POLITICAL STRUCTURES:

- a, Legislature, Powers and functions
- b, Executive, Typology, and functions
- c, Judiciary-Role, judicial review, judicial activism, PIL
- d, Political parties-single party, bi-party and multiparty systems

MODULE 6: DEMOCRACY

- a, Democracy: Meaning and nature,
- b, Direct and Indirect democracy

References

- 1. Alan R.Ball: Modern Politics and Government, , Palgrave, Macmillan 2008.
- 2. Appadorai A: Substance of Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Andrew Heywood: Politics, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2007.
- 4. Andrew Heywood: Political Theory, An Introduction, 3rd edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2008.
- 5. Asirvatham&Misra: Political Theory, S.Chand& Company, New Delhi.2008
- 6. David Robertson: The Dictionary of Politics, 3rd edition, Rutledge, Ane Books, New Delhi, 2007.
- 7. Gauba O.P: An Introduction to Political Theory, Macmillan Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
- 8. Harold J.Laski: Grammar of Politics, Surjeeth Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
- 9. Mahajan.V.D: Political Theory, Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2009.
- 10. Varma S.P: Modern Political Theory, Revised edition Vikas, New Delhi, 1984.

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-3 (FOR ENGLISH/Functioal English)

4 CO6 POL -HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA

MODULE I: INTRODUCTION:

- a, Concept of Human Rights: Meaning, evolution and Importance
- b, Three Generations of Human Rights
- c, liberal and Marxian approaches to human rights

MODULE 2: HUMAN RIGHTS AND UN

- a, Human rights and UN
- b, Universal Declaration of Human Rights

MODULE 3: INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND HUMAN RIGHTS

- a, Fundamental rights and the citizen
- b, Directive principles
- c, Constitutional provisions for minorities and backward classes

MODULE 4: HUMAN RIGHT PROTECTION IN INDIA

- a, Human Rights Commission
- b, Judiciary and PIL
- c, Right to information

MODULE 5: HUMAN RIGHT MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

Chipko, Narmada Bachavo Andolan, Silent Valley, Plachimada

MODULE 6: EMERGING ISSUES IN HUMAN RIGHTS

- a, Rights of children and women,
- c, Dalits and adivasies
- d, Police atrocities

References

- 1. B.P. Singh, Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives, New Delhi: Deep & Deep, 2008.
- 2. AftabAlam, Human Rights in India: Issues and Challenges, Delhi: Raj Publications, 2004.
- 3. Tim Dunne and Nicholas J. Wheeler (eds.), Human Rights in Global Politics, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1998
- 4. SunitaSamal, Human Rights and Human Development: Concepts and Contexts, Kanishka, New Delhi, 2003
- 5. M.M. Rehman, et al, Human Rights and Human Development: Concepts and Contexts, Manak, New Delhi, 2000
- 6. M. Stephen, Human Rights: Concepts and Perspectives, Concept, New Delhi, 2002.
- 7. M.H. Syed, Human Rights: The New Era, Kilaso Books, New Delhi, 2003.
- 8. Sonali Singh, Reinterpreting Human Rights A Third World Perspectives, Ganga Kaveri, Varanasi, 2004
- 9. Sunita Samal, Human Rights and Development in Emerging World Order New Delhi: Kanishka, 2003.
- 10. Tim Dunne and Nicholas J. Wheeler (eds.), Human Rights in Global Politics Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998
- 11. Rachna, Suchinmayee, Gender, Human Rights and Environment, New Delhi: Atlantic ,.2008

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-4 (FOR MALAYALAM)

2CO7 POL -MASS MEDIA AND POLITICAL COMMUNICATION

Module I

- a) Public Opinion and Fourth Estate: Meaning definition and nature of public opinion, Role of mass media in moulding public opinion
- b) Political Socialization and Political Culture: Political socialization, definition and meaning, important agencies of political socialization, mass media and political socialization
- c) Political Culture, dimensions of political culture, classification of political culture

Module 2

- a) Political participation, definition and meaning, factors influencing political participation
- b) Political modernization, dimensions of modernization, modernization and social change, role of mass media in shaping political modernization
- c) Political communication, types of communication, mass media

Module 3

- a) Theories of the press, authoritarian theory, liberal theory, communist theory, social responsibility theory
- b) The Press Council, nature, composition, objectives, functioning,

Module 4

- a, Constitutional foundation of the press-article 19,
- b, limitation on the freedom of press in india. law of defamation, contempt of court, official secrecy

Module 5:

- a, internet, blogs, social media, citizen journalism,
- b, Internet as new media,

References

- 1. Durga Basu, Law of the Press, Wardwa Sales Corporation, New Delhi, 2002
- 2. Arivnd Sighal & Everett M. Rogers, India's Information Revolution, Sage publications, Delhi, 1989
- 3. Everett M. Rogers, Diffusion in Innovation, Sage publications, Delhi11992
- 4. Lucian Pye, Communications for Political Development, Free PRESS, New York, 1978.
- 5. Janet Wasko (Ed), Democratic Communication in Information Age, Garamond Press, Torent, 1992

- 6. Computers and Communication in the Information Age, New Jersey, Albex, 1989.
- 7. William H.Dutton (Ed), the Politics of Information and Communication Policy, Oxford University Press, Bombay, 1996.
- 8. Karl Deutsch, The Nerves Of The Government –"Communication Models and Decision System", Free Press, New York, 1963.
- 9. Jan R Hakemulder (Ed), Mass Media, Anmol Publications, Delhi, 1998.
- 10. Carol Fleming (Ed), An Introduction to Journalism, Vistar Publications, Delhi, 2006.
- 11. 1Mcquail, D. Mass Communications Theory, SagesPublications, London, 1994.
- 12. Ward .K, Mass Communication and Modern World. London, Macmillian, 1989.
- 13. D.S. Mehta, Mass Communications and Journalism in India, Allied Publishers, Mumbai, 1999
- 14. Parthasarathi, R; ,Journalism in India from the Earliest Times to the Present, Sterling Publications, Delhi, 2001.
- **15.** Norris, A Virtuous Circle:Political Communications in Post Industrial Societies. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.2000

COMPLIMENTARY MODEL-4 (FOR MALAYALAM) 3CO8 POL- SOCIETY AND POLITICS IN KERALA

MODULE I :SOCIAL AND DEMOCRATIC BASIS OF KERALA SOCIETY

- a, Caste and class structure in the Pre-independence period.
- b, Role of Missionaries, Social Reform Movements of Sree Narayana Guru, Ayyankali, Temple entry struggles,

MODULE II: DEMOCRATIC MOVEMENTS

Democratic Movements and rise of representative institutions.

- a, Nationalist Movements,
- b, Communist and peasant movements

MODULE III: PARTY SYSTEM AND ELECTORAL POLITICS:

- a, Party system and electoral politics: Emerging Trends; Coalition experiments
- b, Role of Legislature in Social change.

MODULE IV: GRASS ROOT LEVEL DEMOCRACY

- a, Working of Panchayathiraj institutions
- b, Democratic decentralization, Neighbourhood groups.

MODULE V: KERALA MODEL OF DEVELOPMENT:

Kerala model of development: features, challenges and prospects.

References

- 1. John, John P.: Coalition Governments in Kerala, Institute for the Study of Public Policy and Management, Trivandrum, 1983.
- 2. Joseph Tharamangalam (ed) Kerala: The Paradoxes of Public action and development, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Mathew E.T (ed): Dynamics of Migration in Kerala: Dimension, Differential and Consequences, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Nossiter J.R: Communism in Kerala: A study in Political Adaptation, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1982.
- 5. Oommen M.A (ed): Kerala's Development Experiences vols. I & II, Institute of Social Sciences, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1999.
- 6. Ramakrishnan Nair R: Constitutional Experiments in Kerala, Kerala Academy of Political Sciences, Trivandrum.
- 7. Robin Jeffrey: Politics, Women and Well being, How Kerala Became a Model? Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1993.
- 8. Robin Jeffrey: Decline of Nayar Dominance: Society and Politics in Travancore, 1847-1907, Vikas, New Delhi.
- 9. Thomas Isaac T.M& Richard Frank: Local Democracy and Development: Peoples campaign for Decentralised Planning in Kerala, Defford Books, New Delhi, 2000.
- 10, Menon, A. S. Kerala History and its Makers. Kottayam: National Book Stall. 1987
- 11,Logan, W. . Malabar Manual (Asian Educational Service New Delhi, 1988 ed., Vol. 2). Madras: Government Press.1887

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											•

First Semester B.A Degree Examination, Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 1B01POL- Introduction to Political Science

Model question Paper

Time :3 Hours Max marks:40

PART-A

Answer **All** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** marks (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Population
- 2 Geo-politics
- 3. Federalism
- 4. Interest Group

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Meaning of Political Science
- 6. Inter Disciplinary Approach
- 7. Traditional Approach
- 8. Democracy
- 9. Pressure groups
- 10 Written constitution
- 11 Political Executive
- 12 Judicial Review
- 13 Separation of powers
- 14 Election

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Historical approach of Political Science
- 16 Elements of State
- 17 Kinds of Sovereignty

- 18Liberal view of Democracy
- 19 conditions necessary for the working of democracy
- 20 Interest Groups

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay,500 words)

- 21Discuss the meaning, nature and scope Political Science?
- 22 Explain the Theories of Sovereignty?
- 23 What A=are the functions of Legislature?
- 24 What is the relevance of Public Opinion? Discuss its agencies?

Reg No	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name									

Second Semester B.A Degree Examination, Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 2B02POL- Political theory

Model question Paper

Time :3 Hours Max marks:40

PART-A

Answer **All** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** marks (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Political Thought
- 2 Behaviouralism
- 3 Kinds of law
- 4. Democracy

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Meaning of Political theory
- 6. Classical Political theory nature and features
- 7. Marxian theory of law
- 8. positive and negative sense of liberty
- 9. Equality
- 10 Political Justice
- 11 Direct and indirect democracy
- 12 Robert Nozick
- 13 Ideology
- 14 feminism

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Difference between political thought/political philosophy and political theory
- 16 Meaning and sources of Law
- 17 Marxian concept of liberty
- 18 Relationship between equality and liberty
- 19 Human Rights

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay,500 words)

- 21Discuss the meaning and nature ,theories and types of justice?
- 22 Explain the Liberalism?
- 23 Meaning , theories and different kinds of rights?
- 24Discuss the concepts of Direct and indirect democracy?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Third Semester B.A Degree Examination, Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 3B03POL - Ancient and Medieval Political Thought

Model question Paper

Time :3 Hours Max marks:40

PART-A

Answer **All** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** marks (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Political Thought
- 2 Socrates
- 3 Idealism
- 4. Philosopher king

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Criticism on Platonic Idealism
- 6. Classification of states
- 7. Revolution
- 8. Cosmopolitanism
- 9. Polybius
- 10 Universal Monarchy
- 11 concept of property
- 12 soverignity
- 13 Universal Monarchy
- 14 Platonic communism

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Meaning and importance of Political Thought
- 16 method of Socrates
- 17Plato's system of education
- 18 Aristotle's Naturalism and realism
- 19 Revolution-causes and remedies

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay,500 words)

- 21Discuss Plato's views on Justice?
- 22 Evaluate Aristotelian political philosophy?
- 23Discuss the Contributions of Romans to Political Thought?
- 24 Evaluate the Realism in Machiavellean political philosophy?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Third Semester B.A Degree Examination, Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 3B04POL--INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT

Model question Paper

Time :3 Hours Max marks:40

PART-A

Answer **All** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** marks (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Constituent Assembly
- 2 Preamble
- 3 Fundamental duties
- 4. Judicial review

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Amendment procedure
- 6. Article 370
- 7. Union Public Service Commission
- 8 The Finance Commission
- 9. Committee system
- 10 Governor
- 11 Government of India Act 1919
- 12 Basic structure of the constitution
- 13 Fundamental Rights
- 14 Prime Minister

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

Answer any Four Questions-. Each Question carries 3 marks (100 words)

- 15 Government of India Act 1935
- 16 Philosophical and Ideological Base of the Constitution
- 17 Directive Principles of state policy
- 18 The Union Executive
- 19 Powers and functions Speaker
- 20 Structure powers and functions of Supreme court of India

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay,500 words)

- 21Discuss Saliant Features of Indian Constitution?
- 22 Evaluate Powers and Functions of Chief Executive?
- 23Discuss the role of Election commision?
- 24 Evaluate the Emergency Provisions in the Constitution?

Reg No	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name						

Fourth Semester B.A Degree Examination, Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 4B05POL-Modern Political Thought

Model question Paper

Time :3 Hours Max marks:40

PART-A

Answer **All** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** marks (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Individualism
- 2 Social Contract
- 3 General Will
- 4. Pleasure Pain theory

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Rousseau
- 6. Utilitarianism
- 7. liberal democracy
- 8 Dialectical materialism
- 9. Leninism
- 10 cultural revolution
- 11 Theory of hegemony
- 12 Mcpherson
- 13 International communalism
- 14 minimal state

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

Answer any Four Questions-. Each Question carries 3 marks (100 words)

15 Theory of Social Contract

16 Hegel's Theory of state

17 Modifications of Bentham's theory

18 T.H Green's views on Freedom and Rights

19 Revolutionary and evolutionary socialism

20Theory of surplus value

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay,500 words)

21Discuss Basic principles of Marxism?

22 Evaluate Lenin's view onImperialism?

23Discuss Mao's Concept of New Democracy?

24 John Rawls Theory of Justice?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Fourth Semester B.A Degree Examination, Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 4B06POL - State and Politics in India

Model question Paper

Time :3 Hours Max marks:40

PART-A

Answer **All** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** marks (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Federalism
- 2 Article 356
- 3 PIL
- 4. NOTA

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Coalition Politics,
- 6. Interest Groups
- 7. Political Defections
- 8 mass media
- 9 Panchayath raj
- 10 Corruption
- 11 Minoritarianism,
- 12 regional parties
- 13 Judicial reforms
- 14 Sarkaria Commission

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Governor
- 16 Cooperative and Competitive federalism

- 17 Inter-state disputes
- 18 Judicial activism
- 19 Party system in India
- 20 Decentralisation

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay,500 words)

- 21Discuss Features of Indian federalism?
- 22 Evaluate Public opinion? Discuss its agencies
- 23Discuss the Challenges to Indian Democracy?
- 24 Critically evaluate Criminalisation of Politics?

Reg No	•	 •	•	•	•	•
Name						

Fifth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 5B07POL- INTERNATIONAL POLITICS: CONCEPTS AND THEORY

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **All** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1. Geo- Politics
- 2. Treaty of Westphalia
- 3. Neo -colonialism
- 4. EU (4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Importance of International Politics
- 6. Realism
- 7. Nationalism
- 8. Ideology
- 9. Terrorism
- 10. Security Council
- 11Atom for Peace
- 12Alliances
- 13MNCs
- 14Globalisation

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Discuss the scope of International Politics
- 16 Evaluate Morgenthau's Theory of realism
- 17 Examine the merits and de merits of Imperialism
- 18Bring out the role of war as an instrument of National Policy
- 19 Discuss the relevance of Diplomacy

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21Discuss the Characteristics of Modern State System
- 22 What is National Power? Explain its Elements?
- 23Explain the meaning, nature and methods of Balance of Power?
- 24Asses the role of U N in Modern Political System?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Fifth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 5B08POL -COMPARATIVE POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Comparative Politics
- 2 constitutionalism
- 3 Judicial review
- 4. Bi party system

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Scope of Comparative Politics,
- 6 Constitution
- 7. Features of constitutions of U.K
- 8 Administrative law
- 9 Multiparty system
- 10 Rule making Process in U.S.A
- 11 Party system France
- 12 Collegiate type
- 13 Rule of law
- 14 Judicial Activism

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

Answer any Four Questions-. Each Question carries 3 marks (100 words)

- 15 Unitary
- 16 French Legislatures
- 17 China's party system
- 18 Presidential system of U S A
- 19 Party system in Switzerland
- 20 Approaches to comparative politics

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 Definition, Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics?
- 22 Compare Presidential and Parliamentary systems of Government?
- 23 Write an essay on Party Systems?
- 24 Critically evaluate features of Modern Constitutions?

Reg No	
Name	
Fifth Semester B.A.Degree	e Examination,
Branch: POLITICAL	L SCIENCE
5B09POL -Public Ad ı	ministration
Model question	paper
Time: 3 Hours	Max marks: 40
PART- A	(4x1=4 Marks)
Answer All Questions-Each Question carries 1 mark (One wo	ord Question)
1. The discipline of public administration originated in	
2. IRC isagency	
3The father of public administration.	
4. Minnobrook conference is associated withtheory.	
PART- B (7x2=14 Marks	s)
Answer any seven questions-Each carries 2 marks (short ans	swer)
5. Line agency	
6. Integral view of Public administration	

- 7. Budget.
- 8. Unity of command
- 9. Red tapism
- 10. Bureaucracy
- 11. POSDCORB
- 12. Define Co ordination.
- 13. NDC
- 14. Different kinds of training.

PART-C

(4x3=12 Marks)

Answer any Four Questions-Each Question Carries 3 marks

- 15. Public corporation
- 16. Scope of public administration
- 17. Explain the role of comptroller and auditor general in financial administration.
- 18. Role of civil service in administration
- 19. Differentiate Staff and Auxiliary agencies.
- 20. What do you mean by Right to information.

PART-D (2x5=10 Marks)

Answer any 2 questions-Each Carries 5 marks (Essay)

- 21. Examine different control over Public administration.
- 22. Meaning, nature and scope of public administration.
- 23. What do you mean by recruitment? Explain various methods of recruitment?
- 24. Define department. What are the main bases for departmental organization?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Fifth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 5B10POL -SOCIETY AND POLITICS IN KERALA

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Caste
- 2 colonial modernity
- 3 Ayyankali
- 4. NSS

(**4X1=4 Marks**)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Role of missionaries,
- 6 Guruvayur Sathyagraha
- 7. Kayyur struggles
- 8 Trade unionism
- 9 Decentralization
- 10 Kerala Model development
- 11 Neighbourhood groups
- 12 Coalition
- 13 Economic Development
- 14 Party splits

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

Answer any Four Questions-. Each Question carries 3 marks (100 words)

- 15 English education
- 16 SreeNarayanaGuru
- 17 Temple entry struggles
- 18 Nationalist Movements
- 19 Peasant movements
- 20 factional politics

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 Characterise the Social Reform Movements in Kerala?
- 22 Explain Kerala Model development, features, challenges and prospects?
- 23 Write an essay on Party system and electoral Politics in Kerala?
- 24 Critically evaluate features of Coalition experiments in Kerala?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Fifth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 5B11POL- Research Methodology in Political Science

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

1Scientific Method

- 2. Applied Research
- 3. Objectivity
- 4. Induction

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Fundamental Research
- 6. Aims of Social Research
- 7. Survey Method
- 8. Review of literature
- 9. Research Problem
- 10. Null hypothesis
- 11 Primary data
- 12 Sample Survey
- 13 Questionnaire
- 14Variables

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Discuss the Ethics in Research
- 16 What is Research? What are its Purposes?
- 17 Examine the Qualitative Research?
- 18 What is Census and sampling
- 19 Discuss the relevance of theory in Research

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 What are the types of Research?
- 22 What is Hypothesis? Explain its types and relevance?
- 23Explain the nature and methods of Data Collection?
- 24 What is Research Design? Describe its types

Reg No	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name										

Sixth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 6B12POL -INTERNATIONAL POLITICS: ISSUES AND TRENDS

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 multipolarism
- 2 Multilateralism
- 3. CTBT,
- 4. 9/11

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Unipolarism.
- 6. Regionalism
- 7. Disarmament
- 8. Ethnic conflicts
- 9. Brettenwood Institutions
- 10. New International Economic order
- 11 C T B T
- 12 UN and millennium development goals
- 13 Reforms in UN system
- 14 European Union

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Cold war
- 16 changing nature of polarity
- 17 Regionalism

18 SAARC

19 Need of disarmament

20 global warming

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 Explain the development and consequences of Cold war?
- 22 Asses the Efforts for disarmament?
- 23Explain Terrorism?
- 24 Comment on UN peace keeping efforts and its impacts on International Politics?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											•

Sixth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 6B13POL - India's Foreign Policy

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Objectives of foreign policy
- 2 NAM
- 3. BRICS
- 4. Security council

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. SAARC.
- 6. ASEAN
- 7. Panchaseel
- 8.Simla Pact
- 9. Kashmir Issue
- 10. Atom for Peace
- 11 C T B T
- 12 Ethnic Issues
- 13 Bus Diplomacy
- 14 European Union

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Emerging Powers and India
- 16 India s relation with China
- 17 Indian demands for democratisation of Security Council?
- 18 India's relations with Pakistan
- 19 Discuss the role of India in Regional co-operation
- 20 India's relation with USA

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 What are the Determinants of India's Foreign Policy?
- 22 Asses the role of India in NAM
- 23Explain India's role in UN?
- 24 Comment on Indian demands for democratisation of Security Council

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											•

Sixth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 6B14POL- Indian Political Thought

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Saptanga theory
- 2 Swaraj
- 3 Non-violence
- 4. Humanism

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Panchsheel,
- 6 Manu
- 7 servants of India society
- 8 Ramarajya
- 9 Total revolution
- 10 cyclical theory
- 11 Dalit
- 12 Bhoodan,
- 13 Secularism
- 14 R M Lohia

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Theory of State in Ancient India
- 16 Tilak's philosophy

17 M N Roy 18 Vinobhabhave 19Nehru's views on Socialism 20 Gokhale

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 Characterise the Ancient Indian Thought?
- 22 Raja Ram Mohan Roy's contributions?
- 23 Write an essay on Gandhism?
- 24 Critically evaluate the role of B R Ambedkar in Dalit upliftment?

Reg No.	••	••	 •	• •		
Name					•••	

Sixth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE 6B15POL - HUMAN RIGHTS

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Human rights
- 2 Marxian approaches
- 3 Dalits
- 4. PIL

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Three Generations of Human Rights 6 Manu
- 7 Natural Rights
- 8 Amnesty International
- 9 LGBT rights
- 10 adivasies
- 11 Chipko
- 12 Terrorism
- 13 Protection and Implementation of the Human Rights
- 14 Globalization and Human Rights

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Human Rights and Human Development
- 16 Human Rights Activism
- 17 NGOs

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 Explain the nature and scope of human rights
- 22 Discuss Constitutional Provisions for protection of Human Rights?
- 23 Write an essay on Human right movements in India?
- 24 Critically evaluate Universal Declaration of Human Rights?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Fifth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE, (OPEN COURSE) 5D01POL- DYNAMICS OF INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM

Time: 2 Hours Max marks: 20

PART-A

Answer any Nine Questions-. Each Question carries 1 marks (Paragraph)

- 1 Federalism
- 2 Article 356
- 3 PIL
- 4. NOTA
- 5. Coalition Politics,
- 6. Interest Groups
- 7. Political Defections
- 8 Sarkaria Commission
- 9 Panchayath raj
- 10 Corruption
- 11 Minoritarianism,
- 12 regional parties

(9X1=9 Marks)

PART-C

Answer any ThreeQuestions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (100 words)

- 13 Governor
- 14 Cooperative and Competitive federalism
- 15 Inter-state disputes
- 16 Party system in India

(3X2=6Marks)

PART-D

Answer **any 1** question- The question carries **5** marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 17 Discuss Features of Indian federalism?
- 18 Critically evaluate Criminalisation of Politics?

(1X5=5 Marks)

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

First Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE (Complimentary-: economics) 1CO1 POL- PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 What is Political Science
- 2 Democracy
- 3. Constitutions
- 4. Election

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Elements of state
- 6. Sovereignty
- 7. Indirect democracy
- 8. Bi-cameral
- 9. Pressure groups
- 10 Written constitution
- 11 De-jure sovereignty
- 12 Social Contract theory
- 13 Separation of powers
- 14 Representation

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Nature of Political Science
- 16 What is State
- 17 Kinds of Sovereignty
- 18Liberal view of Democracy
- 19 Functions of Legislature

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21Discuss the theories of Sovereignty
- 22 Explain the conditions necessary for the working of democracy?
- 23 What is Party system? What are Types of parties?
- 24 What is the relevance of Public Opinion? Discuss its agencies?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Second Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE (Complimentary-ECONOMICS) 2CO2 POL POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Political Thought
- 2 Behaviouralism
- 3 Kinds of law
- 4. Democracy

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Meaning of Political theory
- 6. Classical Political theory nature and features
- 7. Marxian theory of law
- 8. Positive and negative sense of liberty
- 9. Equality
- 10 Political Justice
- 11 Direct and indirect democracy
- 12 Robert Nozick
- 13 Ideology
- 14 feminism

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Difference between political thought/political philosophy and political theory
- 16 Meaning and sources of Law
- 17 Marxian concept of liberty
- 18 Relationship between equality and liberty

PART-D

Answer **any 2** questions- **Each** carries **5** marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21Discuss the meaning and nature, theories and types of justice?
- 22 Explain the Liberalism?
- 23 Meaning, theories and different kinds of rights?
- 24Discuss the concepts of Direct democracy?

Reg No	•••
Name	•••

Third Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE (Complimentary-History) 3CO3 POL- FOUNDATIONS OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Population
- 2 Geo-politics
- 3. Federalism
- 4. Interest Group

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Meaning of Political Science
- 6. Inter Disciplinary Approach
- 7. Traditional Approach
- 8. Democracy
- 9. Pressure groups
- 10 Written constitution
- 11 Political Executive
- 12 Judicial Review
- 13 Separation of powers
- 14 Election

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Historical approach of Political Science
- 16 Elements of State
- 17 Kinds of Sovereignty
- 18Liberal view of Democracy
- 19 conditions necessary for the working of democracy

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21Discuss the meaning, nature and scope Political Science?
- 22 Explain the Theories of Sovereignty?
- 23 What A=are the functions of Legislature?
- 24 What is the relevance of Public Opinion? Discuss its agencies?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											•

Fourth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE (Complimentary-History) 4CO4 POL- POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Political Thought
- 2 Behaviouralism
- 3 Kinds of law
- 4. Democracy

(4X1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Meaning of Political theory
- 6. Classical Political theory nature and features
- 7. Marxian theory of law
- 8. Positive and negative sense of liberty
- 9. Equality
- 10 Political Justice
- 11 Direct and indirect democracy
- 12 Robert Nozick
- 13 Ideology
- 14 feminism

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Difference between political thought/political philosophy and political theory
- 16 Meaning and sources of Law
- 17 Marxian concept of liberty
- 18 Relationship between equality and liberty

PART-D

Answer **any 2** questions- **Each** carries **5** marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21Discuss the meaning and nature, theories and types of justice?
- 22 Explain Liberalism?
- 23 Meaning, theories and different kinds of rights?
- 24Discuss the concepts of Direct democracy?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Third Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE, Complimentary--

ENGLISH/Functional English 3CO5POL-Basic concepts in Political Science

Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Population
- 2 Geo-politics
- 3. Federalism
- 4. Interest Group

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Meaning of Political Science
- 6. Interdisciplinary
- 7. Traditional Approach
- 8. Democracy
- 9. Pressure groups
- 10 Written constitution
- 11 Political Executive
- 12 Judicial Review
- 13 Separation of powers
- 14 Election

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Historical approach of Political Science
- 16 Elements of State
- 17 Kinds of Sovereignty
- 18Liberal view of Democracy

19 conditions necessary for the working of democracy

20 Interest Groups

(4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21Discuss the meaning, nature and scope Political Science?
- 22 Explain the Theories of Sovereignty?
- 23 What A=are the functions of Legislature?
- 24 What is the relevance of Public Opinion? Discuss its agencies?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											

Fourth Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE ComplimentaryENGLISH/Functional English 4CO6 POL -HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Human rights
- 2 Marxian approaches
- 3 Dalits
- 4. PIL

(**4X1=4 Marks**)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Three Generations of Human Rights 6 Manu
- 7 Natural Rights
- 8 Amnesty International
- 9 LGBT rights
- 10 adivasies
- 11 Chipko
- 12 Terrorism
- 13 Protection and Implementation of the Human Rights
- 14 Globalization and Human Rights

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Human Rights and Human Development
- 16 Human Rights Activism
- 17 NGOs
- 18 Human Rights Commission
- 19 Right to information

20 PUCL (4X3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 What are Human Rights? What are its importance?
- 22 Discuss Constitutional Provisions for protection Human Rights?
- 23 Write an essay on Human right movements in India?
- 24 Critically evaluate Universal Declaration of Human Rights?

Reg No.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Name											•

Second Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE (Complimentary -Malayalam) 2CO7 POL -MASS MEDIA AND POLITICAL COMMUNICATION Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 When was press council of India established
- 2 BBC stands for..
- 3 The concept of Civic culture was introduced by...
- 4. Name the first Malayalam News paper

(**4X1=4 Marks**)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Define Communication
- 6, What is a blog
- 7. Define political culture
- 8 Bring out the role of family as a political socialization agency
- 9 What is meant by paid news
- 10 Write a note on structure of Press council of India
- 11 Fourth estate
- 12 Explain DTH
- 13 What is political communication
- 14 Censorship

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 Write a note on article 19
- 16 Explain the liberal theory of press
- 17 Discuss citizen journalism
- 18 Write a note on official secrecy act in India
- 19 Discuss the role of Swadeshabhimani in promoting nationalism in Kerala

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 Explain the development and nature of electronic media in India
- 22 Discuss the role of media in developing public opinion
- 23 Define political participation. Examine the factors influencing political participation
- 24 Critically evaluate the concept of Internet censorship.

Reg No	•	 •
Name		 •

Third Semester B.A Degree Examination... Branch: POLITICAL SCIENCE (Complimentary-Malayalam) 3CO8 POL -SOCIETY AND POLITICS IN KERALA Model question Paper

Time: 3 Hours Max marks: 40

PART-A

Answer **all** questions-. **Each** Question carries **1** mark (Answer in two or three sentences)

- 1 Caste
- 2 colonial modernity
- 3 Ayyankali
- 4. NSS

(**4X1=4 Marks**)

PART-B

Answer any Seven Questions-. Each Question carries 2 marks (Paragraph)

- 5. Kerala Model of Development
- 6 Guruvayur Sathyagraha
- 7. Kayyur struggles
- 8 Trade unionism
- 9 Decentralization
- 10 Sreemolam Assembly
- 11 Neighbourhood groups
- 12 Coalition
- 13 Economic Development
- 14 Party splits

(7X2=14 Marks)

PART-C

- 15 English education
- 16 SreeNarayanaGuru
- 17 Temple entry struggles

- 18 Nationalist Movements
- 19 Peasant movements
- 20 factional politics

PART-D

Answer any 2 questions- Each carries 5 marks (Essay, 500 words)

- 21 Explain the nature of caste system in Kerala?
- 22 Explain Kerala Model development, features, challenges and prospects?
- 23 Write an essay on Party system and electoral Politics in Kerala?
- 24 Critically evaluate features of Coalition experiments in Kerala?